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*Beyond the Numbers...*



# Understanding the Backdoor Roth IRA



**The backdoor Roth IRA is a powerful yet often overlooked financial strategy for high-income earners. Designed as a workaround to the traditional income limits imposed on Roth IRA contributions, this tactic enables individuals who otherwise exceed these thresholds to benefit from the Roth IRA's unique tax advantages.**

**Through a backdoor Roth, savvy investors can find a legal pathway to invest in a Roth IRA, enabling them to grow their retirement savings tax-free and enjoy tax-free withdrawals in their later years.**

## **What is a backdoor Roth?**

Generally speaking, traditional IRAs are funded with pre-tax contributions, but withdrawals are taxable. On the other hand, Roth IRAs are funded with after-tax contributions, and withdrawals are tax-free in retirement. Contributions to a Roth IRA can be withdrawn at any time without penalty, as taxes have already been paid on these amounts. However, the earnings in a Roth can be subject to early withdrawal penalties if made before reaching the age of 59 ½ or before the account has been held for five years unless your situation aligns with one of the IRS's specified exceptions.

The amount you can contribute to a Roth IRA is subject to several limits. As of 2024, the maximum direct contribution to a Roth is capped at \$7,000 annually.

There are also limits based on your modified adjusted gross income. For the 2024 tax year, single filers' contribution limits begin to decrease at \$146,000 of income and are completely phased out for those making more than \$161,000. Married filing jointly contribution limits begin to decrease at \$230,000 of income and are completely phased out at \$240,000. For individuals who are married but file separately, the contribution limits begin to decrease at just \$0 of income and are completely phased out at \$10,000.



These limits can preclude high earners, and most married taxpayers filing separately from taking advantage of a Roth IRA. However, a Roth conversion, often referred to as a backdoor Roth, is a strategy that can be used to sidestep these restrictions.

The process typically begins with a contribution to a Traditional IRA, which has no income limits for contributions, though there are limits for tax-deductible contributions. The investor then converts, or rolls over, funds from the Traditional IRA into a Roth IRA, a move that is permissible regardless of income level. Roth conversions are also not subject to the \$7,000 annual direct contribution limit.

This conversion is taxable, with taxes owed on any pre-tax contributions and earnings converted to the Roth. Once converted, the assets grow tax-free, and withdrawals in retirement are also tax-free, provided certain conditions are met.

## Benefits of a backdoor Roth

One of the primary advantages of this strategy is the ability to circumvent the income limits and annual contribution limits typically associated with a Roth IRA. Once a Roth is funded, the funds grow tax-free and won't be subject to taxes upon withdrawal. Since you only pay taxes at the time of conversion, this strategy can be particularly beneficial if you expect to be in a higher tax bracket in the future or if your traditional IRA has lost value.

Moreover, Roths are not subject to Required Minimum Distributions during the account owner's lifetime. This feature allows the account to grow tax-free for the owner's entire life, potentially leaving a larger, tax-free inheritance for beneficiaries. The tax-free nature of the account can be a significant boon for heirs, who might otherwise face tax burdens on inherited retirement assets. This makes the Roth a strategic component of a broader wealth transfer strategy.



## Considerations before using a backdoor Roth IRA

Before using this strategy, it's crucial to understand the potential pitfalls. While regular contributions to a Roth can be withdrawn anytime without taxes or penalties, converted funds must be held in the Roth for at least five years. If you withdraw the converted funds early, you could face a 10% penalty.

It's equally important to understand the tax implications of a conversion because they are not always straightforward. If your traditional IRA contributions have always been made with pre-tax dollars, then any amount you convert to a Roth will be taxable at your current income tax rate. The situation becomes more complex if your traditional IRA is a mix of pre-tax and after-tax contributions. In such cases, the Pro-Rata rule comes into play, and your conversion will be taxed proportionate to the pre-tax and post-tax funds in your account. To prevent selective conversions aimed at reducing tax liabilities, the IRS does not allow taxpayers to choose which specific funds they convert.

Let's say you have \$100,000 in your traditional IRA, and \$10,000 or 10% of the funds were made post-tax. Since you cannot dictate that your conversion only use after-tax funds, you will need to calculate how much of your IRA funds are actually taxable - which would be 90% in this case. If you wanted to convert \$10,000 to a Roth, you would have to pay taxes on 90% of the converted amount, or \$9,000. It's worth noting that this calculation can get exceptionally complex if you regularly make after-tax contributions and convert them.

Another consideration is the impact on the current year's taxable income. When pre-tax assets are converted to a Roth, this amount is added to your taxable income for the year, potentially pushing you into a higher tax bracket. So, the timing of the conversion should be strategic. It is often best aligned with years when you expect lower income or tax burdens.

Finally, it's important to know that excess contributions to a traditional IRA are subject to a 6% tax for each year they remain in the account until the excess amount is either withdrawn or absorbed into the IRA through under-contribution in future years.



# Final Thoughts

The Backdoor Roth strategy is an effective tool for tax planning and wealth transfer. However, there can be tax ramifications if errors are made in the process. As such, careful planning with a tax professional is advisable to navigate these nuances effectively and ensure compliance with all IRS rules. One of our expert advisors can provide personalized advice and ensure strategic timing and execution to maximize the benefits of a backdoor Roth while minimizing tax liabilities. If you have any questions or would like more information, please contact our office.



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